PB PAGEZ EXAMS

END OF 1ST TERM EXAMINATION

SUBJECT: HISTORY - BASIC SIX (6)

Name	Date	
SECTION: A		
Circle the correct answer from this section.		
1. Slave trading was introduced	d. None	
by	6. The system of government used by the	
a. Ghanaians	British to control the people	
b. Europeans	was	
c. Arabs	a. Indirect rule	
d. Chinese	b. Direct rule	
2. The Europeans came to Africa for the	c. Monarchy	
following reasons except	d. Democracy	
a. Trade	7was responsible for	
b. Exploration	making laws in the colony.	
c. Spread the gospel	a. President	
d. Fight	b. Governor	
3. Goods exchange with goods is known	c. Chiefs	
as	d. Family heads	
a. Direct trade	8. A system of rule where the people directly	
b. Barter system	influence policy making through majority	
c. Indirect trade	rule is known as	
d. None	a. Monarchy	
4. All the following are items involved in	b. Dictatorship	
trading except	c. Direct rule	
a. Textiles	d. Indirect rule	
b. Iron bars	9. One of the following castles was built by	
c. Bread	the Europeans.	
d. gold	a. James Town Castle	
5. English language was an official language	b. Osu Castle	
introduced in Ghana by	c. Kumasi Castle	
a. Ghanaians	d. Ho Castle	
b. Nigerians	10. Which of these systems was adapted by	

c. British

the British government?

a. Assimilation	c. Gold
b. Indirect rule	d. Metal ornament
c. Socialism	17. All the following were forts built by the
d. Dictatorship	Europeans except
11. A country that is controlled by another	a. Osu Castle
country is called	b. Fort St. Jago
a. Colony	c. James Town Fort
b. State	d. Ussher Fort
c. Region	18. Which of the following is not a positive
d. Protectorate	effect of Europeans presence in Ghana?
12. All the following items were locally	a. Introduction of cash crops
produced except	b. Introduction of paper money
a. Textiles	c. Loss of identity
b. Cola	d. Development of roads
c. Gold	19. Which of the following personalities was a
d. diamond	governor in the Gold Coast?
13. Which European was the first to arrive in	a. Kofi Annan
Gold Coast?	b. John Kufuor
a. British	c. Gordon Guggisberg
b. Portuguese	d. John Evans Atta Mills
c. Americans	20. The presence of Europeans made Africa
d. None	poor and dependent on their support to
14. The Fantes were middlemen between the	survive.
Europeans and the Asantes.	a. True
a. True	b. False
b. False	21. Ghana is still under the control of the
15. All the following towns were business	British.
centres during the colonial era except?	a. True
A. Kumasi	b. False
B. Salaga	22. European colonialism made Africans lost
C. Bono Manso	their true identity and self-reliance.
D. Techiman	a. True
16. The following commodities were usually	b. False
brought by the Europeans	23. One of the following is a negative impact
except	of Europeans presence in Ghana.
a. Alcoholic drinks	a. Introduction of machines
b. Textiles	b. Loss of identity

c. Development of agriculture	b. False
d. Introduction of formal education	28. Who was in charge of the native authority
24. The buying of human beings by the	before the arrival of the Europeans?
Europeans was known as	a. President
a. Human trafficking	b. Chiefs
b. Slave trading	c. Elders
c. Human business	d. Governors
d. African trade	29. A direct vote of all the members of an
25. When did the Europeans arrive in Ghana?	electrorate on an important public question
a. 1991	such as a change in the constitution is
b. 1847	known as
c. 1659	a. Protectorate
d. 1471	b. Election
26. Which governor built the Takoradi	c. Plebiscite
habour?	d. None
a. Sir Guggisberg	30. An area of land under the jurisdiction of a
b. George Maclean	ruler or start is known
c. McCarthy	as
d. None	a. Territory
27. The Europeans introduced the local people	b. Protectorate
to foreign religion.	c. Region
a. True	d. Colony

SECTION: B

Answer THREE questions from this section.

- 1. State **three** positive effects of Europeans presence in Ghana.
- 2. Mention **three** reasons why the Europeans came to Ghana.
- 3. Give **two** effects of formal education in Ghana.
- 4. State two advantages of direct rule.